Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc.

Audited Financial Statements

For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2023

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Prepared by: Jendrach Accounting & Professional Services, LLC 4811 South 76th Street; Suite 415 Greenfield, Wisconsin 53220

Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc.

Audited Financial Statements For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Paralyzed Veterans of American - Wisconsin Chapter, Inc (a non-profit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of September 30, 2022 and 2023, and the related statements of activities and net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Paralyzed Veterans of American - Wisconsin Chapter, Inc as of September 30, 2022 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of Paralyzed Veterans of American - Wisconsin Chapter, Inc and to meet my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audits. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Paralyzed Veterans of American - Wisconsin Chapter, Inc's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Paralyzed Veterans of American Wisconsin Chapter, Inc's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Paralyzed Veterans of America Wisconsin Chapter, Inc's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that I identified during the audit.

Jendrach Accounting & Professional Services, LLC

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Jendrach Accounting & Professional Services, LLC Greenfield, Wisconsin November 27, 2023

Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc. Statement of Financial Position For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2023

Assets

Assets		
	2022	<u>2023</u>
Current Assets		
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 65,635	\$ 68,508
Other Receivables and Prepaid Expenses	<u>775</u>	<u>775</u>
Total Current Assets	66,410	69,283
Property and Equipment		
Office Furniture and Equipment	51,175	51,175
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(51,175)	(51,175)
Net Property and Equipment		
Other Assets		
Land Contract Receivable		
Total Other Assets	<u> </u>	
Investments	1,249,652	1,466,103
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,316,062</u>	<u>\$ 1,535,386</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued Liabilities	4,471	4,389
Total Current Liabilities	4,471	4,389
Net Assets		
Without Donor Restrictions	<u>1,311,591</u>	<u>1,530,997</u>
Total Net Assets	1,311,591	1,530,997
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$ 1,316,062</u>	<u>\$ 1,535,386</u>

Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc. Statement of Activities and Net Assets For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2023

	2022	2023
Without Donor Restrictions -		
Support and Revenue		
Fundraising and Contributions (less \$4,365 & 3,500 in expenses)		\$ 354,937
PVA and Other Grants	194,926	284,737
Event Registration Fees	-	-
Investment Income	(228,694)	(10,370)
Other Income	<u>6,949</u>	<u>4,595</u>
Total Support and Revenue Without Donor Restrictions Before		
Net Assets Released for Restrictions	395,025	633,899
140t /1550t5 Released for Restrictions	270,020	022,022
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	_	
	207.027	(22 222
Total Without Donor Restrictions Support and Revenue	395,025	633,899
Without Donor Restrictions Expenses		
Program Services		
Membership and Benefits	165,644	159,709
Public Affairs	245,539	197,717
Research and Education	<u> 28,858</u>	22,618
Total Program Services	440,041	380,045
Management and General	22,248	19,682
Fundraising	15,796	14,766
1 unuraising		
Total Expenses	<u>478,085</u>	414,493
Change in Nat Agests Without Donor Destrictions	(83,060)	219,406
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	(85,000)	219,400
Restricted Net Assets		
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		
Change in Restricted Net Assets		
Change in Net Assets	(83,060)	219,406
Change in 1100 thosen	(,)	,
Net Assets		
Beginning of Year	1,394,651	<u>1,311,591</u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 1,311,591</u>	<u>\$ 1,530,997</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	_	2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Changes in Net Assets	\$	(83,060)	\$	219,406
Add (deduct):		` , ,		·
Depreciation		797		-
Realized (Gain) Loss on Investments		11,057		-
Unrealized (Appreciation) Depreciation of Investments		(38,713)		-
Increase or (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Due to Changes in				
Land Contract Receivable		160,300		-
Accounts Payable		-		(83)
Accrued Liabilities		1,404		
Atoolaed Liabilities	_			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		51,785		219,324
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Sales and Purchases of Investments	_	(74,013)	_	<u>(215,676)</u>
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(74,013)		(215,676)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(22,228)		3,648
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Beginning of the Year	_	87,863	_	65,635
End of the Year	<u>\$</u>	65,635	<u>\$</u>	69,283

PARALYZED VETERANS OF AMERICA - WISCONSIN CHAPTER INC

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

(With Summarized Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2022)

	PROGRAM SERVICES						SUPPORTING SERVICES									
	Membership and Benfits		Public Affairs		Research and Education		Total		Management and General		Fundraising		2022 Totals		2021 Totals	
Compensation, Taxes and Benefits Professional and Consulting	\$	50,786 22,911	\$	43,513 19,630	\$	5,839 2,632	\$	100,138 45,173	\$	4,088 1,860	\$	4,827 2,165	\$ \$	109,052 49,197	\$	104,984 75,251
Occupancy Office Supplies and Expenses		22,225 33,928		13,844 29,058		7,716 3,894		43,784 66,880		3,633 2,693		1,202 3,202	\$ \$	48,619 72,775		36,205 70,409
Postage and Shipping Printing, Publications and Promotion		1,821 8,626		1,558 7,377		209 989		3,588 16,993		144 684		172 814	\$ \$	3,904 18,490		3,592 13,421
Dues and Subscriptions Conferences, Meetings and Travel		5,379 14,018		4,602 76,080		617		10,598 90,098		427 6,067		505 1,881	\$	11,530 98,046		11,523 129,787
Awards, Scholarships, Grants		15		2,055		723		2,794		87		<u>-</u>	\$	2,880		32,115
Total Expenses Before Depreciation		159,709		197,717		22,618		380,045		19,682		14,766		414,493		304,421
Depreciation		<u> </u>					_	0	-			-		<u>.</u>		797
Total 2023 Expenses	\$	159,709	\$	197,717	\$	22,619	_\$_	380,045	\$	19,683	\$	14,766	_\$_	414,493	\$	306,603

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Note 1. Nature of the Operations

Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc. (PVA-WI and/or the organization) is one of 33 chapters of Paralyzed Veterans of America (PVA). Founded in 1946, PVA is organized to provide services to veterans with spinal cord injury or disease, MS or ALS and be an advocate for the disabled community. PVA-WI gained admission in PVA in 1980 and received its Chapter Charter in November 1981. The national organization, PVA, has agreed to support PVA-WI with an annual chapter grant.

In order to provide services to veterans and be an advocate for the disabled community, PVA-WI has several programs. Program services include:

Membership and Benefits - Each PVA chapter is required to maintain an active outreach program to maintain members and solicit new members. Benefit services include a hospital liaison, National Service Office referrals, education, etc. Each PVA chapter is also required to maintain member contact, producing and distributing publications.

Public Affairs - Each PVA chapter is required to be proactive in legislation, civil rights and barrier-free design and to create public awareness of issues of concern to members using news media. Additionally, each chapter must provide a program to improve the quality of life of paralyzed veterans and other persons with disabilities by assisting with the expansion of both the quality and quantity of opportunities in sports and recreation, especially those activities that enhance lifetime health and fitness.

Research and Education - In order to support research and education in the areas of care and cure of veterans with paralysis, PVA established the PVA Research Foundation and the PVA Education Foundation. PVA chapters are encouraged to support programs directed toward research and education.

Fundraising - Each PVA chapter is required to operate a program to raise funds in order to further implement and enhance the other PVA chapter programs.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the organization have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, and accordingly, reflect all significant receivables, payables and other liabilities.

Basis of Presentation – The financial statements of the Organization have been prepared on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 dated August 2016, and the provisions of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) "Audit and Accounting Guide for Not-for-Profit Organizations" (the "Guide"). (ASC) 958-205 was effective January 1, 2018.

Under the provisions of the Guide, net assets and revenues, and gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified as follows:

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued) -

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u>: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives for specific operational purposes from time to time.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Non-Profit Organization or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Adoption of New Accounting Policy:

In May, 2014, The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606). This ASU, as amended, provides comprehensive guidance on the recognition of revenue from customers arising from the transfer of goods and services, guidance on accounting for certain contract costs, and new disclosures. The new standard supersedes revenue recognition requirements in FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance.

This framework is intended to result in less complex guidance in application while providing a consistent and comparable methodology for revenue recognition.

The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised good or services in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In addition, the amendments require expanded disclosure to enable the users of financial statements the ability to understand the nature, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts.

On January 1, 2021, the Organization adopted ASC 606 and all related amendments required under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The guidance is applied to all contracts using the modified retrospective method. This method requires the cumulative effect of initially applying the new revenue standard to be recorded as an adjustment to the opening balance of member's equity.

The Organization applied the new guidance using the practical expedient provided in ASC 606 that allows the guidance to be applied only to contracts that were not completed as of January 1, 2021. There were no changes to reported revenue, assets, liabilities or net assets in these financial statements.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Grant Revenue - Grants are either recorded as contributions or exchange transactions based on certain criteria contained in the grant award.

Grant Awards That Are Contributions - Grant awards that are contributions are evaluated for conditions and recognized as revenue when conditions in the award are satisfied. Unconditional awards are recognized as revenue when the award is received. Amounts received in which conditions have not been met are reported as a refundable advance liability.

Grant Awards That Are Exchange Transactions – Exchange transactions are those which the resource provider or grantor receives a commensurate value in exchange for goods or services transferred. Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer (grantor) in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Amounts received in excess of recognized revenue are reflected as a contract liability.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash is held primarily in four checking and savings accounts at banks in southeastern Wisconsin. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides limited insurance on cash deposits. At times, the organization's cash deposits may exceed the FDIC insurance limit, however, the organization does not expect to experience any losses on its cash deposits.

Investments – Investments are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America establish a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical investments (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows.

- Level 1 Valuation is based upon quoted prices in active markets for identical investments.
- Level 2 Valuation is based upon other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments).
- Level 3 Valuation is based upon significant unobservable inputs (including the plan's assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments (continued)

The fair value methodology applied by the organization may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different value measurement at the reporting date.

The organization determined the fair values of its investment securities using quoted prices in active markets. As such, this valuation falls under level 1 of the fair value hierarchy described above. The investments, managed by Morgan Stanley, LLC, are comprised of the following as of September 30,

		2022	2023
	Mutual Funds Exchange Traded Funds	\$ 782,804 490,803	\$ 901,119 564,984
	Total Investments	<u>\$ 1,273,607</u>	<u>\$ 1,466,103</u>
Following is a	summary of the investment income.		
		2022	2023
	Dividends and Capital Gains Realized Gains (Loss) Unrealized Gains (Loss)	\$ 48,274 (11,057) (301,665)	\$ 24,658 (1,238) (33,784)
	Total Investment Income	<u>\$ (264,448)</u>	\$ (10,364)

Property and Equipment – Purchased property and equipment are recorded at cost. Donated property and equipment are recorded at the fair value on the date of the donation. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on a straight-line basis

Building and Improvements	7 to 39 years
Office Furniture and Equipment	5 to 7 years

Long-lived Assets – The organization annually considers whether indicators of impairment of long-lived assets held for use are present. If such indicators are present, the organization determines

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

whether the sum of the estimated undiscounted future cash flow attributable to such assets is less than their carrying amounts, and if so, the organization would recognize an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount of the assets over their fair value. Management has determined that no such impairment was present as of September 30, 2022 and 2021. Depreciation for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2023 was \$797.

Revenue Recognition – Unconditional contributions are recognized when pledged and recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and / or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Gifts of cash and other assets are reported with donor-restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as net assets without donor restriction support. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as support at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The Organization reported no donor-restricted assets as of September 30, 2022 and 2021.

Grants and other contributions of cash and other assets are reported as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions that are met in the same year in which the contributions are received are classified as contributions without donor restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized as revenue only when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met and the promises become unconditional.

Donated Services - Donated services are recognized as contributions if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the organization. There were no donated services in 2022 and 2021.

Tax-exempt Status – The organization is exempt from federal and state income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions related to unrelated business activities, if any, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. The organization's federal and state tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities, generally for three years after they were filed for the federal forms and four years for the state forms.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements: On August 18, 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-14, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) – Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities. The update addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. Paralyzed Veterans of America - Wisconsin Chapter Inc has adjusted the presentation of these statements accordingly. The ASU has been applied retrospectively to all periods presented.

Note 3. Liquidity Line of Credit

The organization has a \$225,031 available liquidity line of credit at Morgan Stanley with the interest set weekly by the lender. The rate at September 30, 2021 was 4.08%. As of September 30, 2022, and 2023 the balance on the line of credit was \$0 and \$0 respectively.

Note 4. Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Activities and Statement of Functional Expenses. Membership and benefits expense include the newsletter, hospital liaison, elections and meetings. Sport activities (including the NVWG) and legislative and advocacy activities are included in public affairs. Education includes grants to those pursuing programs to assist disabled persons. Personnel costs, occupancy and depreciation costs are allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited based on estimates made by management.

Note 5. Liquidity

Paralyzed Veterans of America – Wisconsin Chapter, Inc.'s financial assets available within one year of the balance sheet date for general expenditure are as follows:

	2022	2023
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Land Contract Receivable Prepaid Expenses	\$ 65,635 1,249,652 - 	\$ 69,283 1,466,103 - 775
Total	<u>\$ 1,316,062</u>	<u>\$ 1,536,161</u>

As part of Paralyzed Veterans of America – Wisconsin Chapter, Inc.'s liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. In addition, Paralyzed Veterans of America – Wisconsin Chapter, Inc invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments.

Note 6. Contract Balances

Opening and closing balances for contracts assets, accounts receivable arising from contracts with customers as of September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2021, was \$0 and \$0 respectively.

Contract assets arise when the Company transfers goods or services to a customer in advance of receiving consideration and the right to consideration on something other than the passage of time. Contract assets are transferred to receivable when the right to receive consideration becomes unconditional and the Company is able to invoice the customer. Contract liabilities represents the Company's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer when consideration has already been received from the customer. When transfer of control of the related goods or service occurs, contract liabilities are reclassified, and revenue is recognized.

Contract liabilities as of September 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$0 and \$0 of respectively.

Note 7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 27, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively impact income. The related duration and financial impact, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Note 8. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2014 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The standard proscribes a single model for revenue recognition, with a set of principles to be used for determining when revenue should be recognized. It also requires expanded disclosures about the nature, amount, and timing of revenues and cash flows.

The entity adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2019, utilizing the modified retrospective transition method. As noted under the "Revenue Recognition" policy above, there is no impact to any financial statement line item as a result of the adoption, and the entity has recorded no impact to opening net assets as of January 1, 2020.